FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

## Mehta Professional Corporation

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members, University of Toronto Faculty Association:

#### Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the University of Toronto Faculty Association which comprise the balance sheet as at June 30, 2022, and the statements of changes in fund balances, operations, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University of Toronto Faculty Association as at June 30, 2022 and the results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the University of Toronto Faculty Association derives revenue from membership fees, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the University of Toronto Faculty Association. Therefore, we are not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to membership revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, current assets as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, and net assets as at July 1 and June 30 for both the 2022 and 2021 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing University of Toronto Faculty Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the University of Toronto Faculty Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the University of Toronto Faculty Association's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)**

#### Auditor's Responsibilities (continued)

includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the University of Toronto Faculty Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the University of Toronto Faculty Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw your attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the University of Toronto Faculty Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Mehta Professional Corporation

Chartered Professional Accountants
Authorized to practice public accounting by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario

October 14, 2022 Toronto, Canada

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## **AS AT JUNE 30, 2022**

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current assets Cash Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 219,604 427,412 59,584 706,600	\$ 378,770 53,227 19,672 451,669
Investments (note 3)	4,308,439	4,832,200
Capital assets (note 4)	23,973	46,242
	\$ 5,039,012	<u>\$ 5,330,111</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 765,822</u>	\$ 573,668
Fund balances Invested in capital assets Contingency reserve (note 5) Unrestricted	23,973 1,500,000 <u>2,749,217</u>	46,242 1,500,000 3,210,201
	4,273,190	4,756,443
	\$ 5,039,012	\$ 5,330,111

Approved on behalf of the UTFA Council:

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				2022	2021	
	Unrestricted	Invested in capital assets	Contingency reserve (note 5)	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,210,201	\$ 46,242	\$1,500,000	\$ 4,756,443	\$ 4,142,219	
Excess (deficiency) of revenu over expenses for the year	e (483,253)			(483,253)	614,224	
Purchase of capital assets	(6,665)	6,665				
Amortization	28,934	(28,934)	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	x <del></del>	
Balance, end of year	\$ 2,749,217	\$ 23,973	\$1,500,000	\$ 4,273,190	<u>\$ 4,756,443</u>	

## STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2022	2021
REVENUE		
Membership fees (note 6)	\$ 4,025,238	\$ 3,862,569
Operating subsidies (note 7)	208,349	192,991
Investment income (note 8)	(323,761)	547,203
Other	- <del> </del>	35
	3,909,826	4,602,798
EXPENSES		
Staffing and related	1,809,868	1,574,307
Legal, audit and consulting	768,772	698,074
Canadian Association of University Teachers fees	559,371	534,519
Ontario Confederation of University Faculty Association fees	552,125	528,040
Rent (note 7)	325,894	297,637
Stipends	160,264	157,004
Office equipment	54,335	31,036
Office and general	44,385	40,587
Donations and contributions	34,737	9,800
Tuition scholarships and awards	22,824	20,313
Insurance	11,932	11,237
Committee expenses	4,817	300
Library	4,538	4,640
Conferences and training	5,784	15,077
Outreach and communications	4,074	17,940
Member services and meetings	425	1,743
Amortization	28,934	46,320
	4,393,079	3,988,574
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES		
FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ (483,253)</u>	\$ 614,224

## **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2022	2021
CASH INFLOW (OUTFLOWS)		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses Non-cash items:  Amortization Net change in non-cash working capital items (below)	\$ (483,253) 28,934 (221,943)	\$ 614,224 46,320 (46,885)
Cash provided from (used in) operations	(676,262)	613,659
INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Decrease (increase) in investments Purchase of capital assets	523,761 (6,665)	(547,204) (7,810)
Cash provided from (used in) investing activities	<u>517,096</u>	(555,014)
NET CASH ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR	(159,166)	58,645
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	378,770	320,125
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 219,604	\$ 378,770
Net change in non-cash working capital items: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ (374,185) (39,912) 192,154 \$ (221,943)	\$ (34,305) 3,830 (16,410) \$ (46,885)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

The University of Toronto Faculty Association (the Association) is an unincorporated association that was formed in 1940. The purpose of the Association is to promote the welfare of current and retired faculty, librarians and research associates of the University of Toronto, the University of St. Michael's College, the University of Trinity College and Victoria University and generally to advance the interests of teachers, researchers and librarians in Canadian universities.

The affairs of the Association are managed by a Council of about 60 people, who are elected by the membership on a constituency basis for three-year terms.

The Association is exempt from income taxes under section 149(1)(I) of the Income Tax Act.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In preparing its financial statements, the Association follows Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations, which is one of the financial reporting frameworks included in Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

#### Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are recorded for goods and services that have been paid for but which will be received the following year. The balance at year end is composed primarily of prepaid insurance and professional dues.

#### Investments

The investments are recognized at fair value based on market prices plus accrued interest. Gains and losses from dispositions and fluctuations in market value are recognized in the statement of operations in the period in which they arise. The investment portfolio is shown as a long-term asset due to the Association's intention to hold it long term.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided on a straight line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture and equipment
Computer equipment
Leasehold improvements

Straight-line over 5 years
Straight-line over 3 years
Straight-line over the term of the

Straight-line over the term of the lease

Capital assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. Impairment is assessed by comparing the carrying amount of an asset with its replacement cost. If such assets are considered impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its fair value. Any impairment results in a write-down of the asset and charge to income during the year.

#### Revenue recognition

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for revenue. Membership fee revenue is composed of unrestricted contributions that are recognized as revenue when received or receivable, if the amount to be received is readily determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

Restricted contributions, if any, are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unspent restricted contributions are reported as deferred revenue on the statement of financial position.

Membership fees are calculated by multiplying a mill rate, as set by the Association, by the member's salary.

Operating subsidies are recognized in the period that the corresponding expense is incurred.

The change in fair value of the marketable securities for the year is included in investment income in the statement of operations. The investment income is composed of realized gains or losses for the year, unrealized gains or losses for the year, and interest and dividend income earned during the year.

#### **Expense recognition**

Expenses are recognized when incurred. The rent subsidy is recorded at its estimated contractual value (note 7).

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used when accounting for certain items such as asset impairments, the useful life of capital assets, accrued liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the valuation of subsidized rent.

By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty and the effect on the financial statements of changes in such estimates in future periods could be significant.

#### 2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISKS

#### Fair value

Canadian generally accepted accounting principles require that the Association disclose information about the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities. Fair value estimates are made at the balance sheet date, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instruments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties in significant matters of judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates

The investments are carried at market value or face value plus accrued interest, which approximates their fair value.

The carrying amounts for accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the statement of financial position approximate fair value because of the limited term of these instruments.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Association is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable. The Association expects to meet obligations as they come due primarily from cash flow from operations.

#### Credit and concentration risks

A concentration of credit risk arises when a group of customers has a common economic characteristic, so their ability to meet their obligations is expected to be affected similarly by changes in economic or other conditions. For the Association, significant concentration of risk is related to the University of Toronto and its affiliated colleges which is the employer of all its members.

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Association's main credit risk relates to its accounts receivable. Periodically, the Association assesses the collectibility of its accounts receivable and provides an allowance for doubtful accounts as appropriate. At June 30, 2022, the allowance for doubtful accounts was nil (nil in 2021).

#### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. The Association is exposed to this risk because it holds foreign exchange traded funds in its investment portfolio.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Association is exposed to interest rate risk on its money market mutual fund holdings which have a floating interest rate. This exposes the Association to a cash flow risk should rates decrease.

#### Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments trading in the market.

The Association is exposed to other price risk because it has investments in exchange traded funds.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

#### 3. INVESTMENTS

The investment portfolio, which is held at TD Direct Investing, is composed of the following, at market value:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Exchange traded funds Money market mutual funds Cash Term deposits	\$ 3,353,532 839,230 115,677	\$ 3,924,457 632,951 29,332 245,460
	\$ 4,308,439	\$ 4,832,200

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, recorded at cost, are as follows:

	Cost	cumulated nortization	2022	<u>2021</u>
Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Leasehold improvements	\$ 177,727 60,148 364,722	\$ 174,320 \$ 48,465 355,839	3,407 11,683 <u>8,883</u>	\$  8,557 19,917 17,768
	\$ 602,597	\$ 578,624 \$	23,973	\$ 46,242

#### 5. CONTINGENCY RESERVE

The Association's Council has restricted \$1,500,000 of its net assets to be held as a reserve for salary, benefits and pension negotiations, major grievances, academic freedom and other contingencies. This internally-restricted amount is not available for other purposes without the approval of the Council.

#### 6. MEMBERSHIP FEES

Membership fees are from the following sources:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
University of Toronto University of Victoria College University of St. Michael's College Retired members University of Trinity College	\$ 3,951,951 24,352 23,555 19,866 	\$ 3,797,521 24,253 19,502 16,688 4,605
	\$ 4,025,238	\$ 3.862.569

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

## 7. OPERATING SUBSIDIES

Under an agreement, the University of Toronto provides the Association with various services, the most significant of which are free rent for one office suite, subsidized rent for two additional office suites, and a telephone line subsidy. The estimated market value of the rent and telephone line expense paid by the University have been recorded as expenses and the corresponding subsidies as revenue in the statement of operations.

In addition, the Association has an agreement with the University of Toronto for the university administration staff to provide for course release times equivalent to 3.500 full time equivalents (FTE) (3.500 FTE in 2021). For the year ended June 30, 2022, the release times were allocated as follows:

	2022 <u>FTE</u>	2021 <u>FTE</u>
President Vice President - Grievances Vice President - Salary, Benefits and Pension Vice President - University and External affairs Treasurer Chair - Appointments Committee Chair - Equity Committee Chair - Librarians Committee Chair - Teaching Stream Committee Chair - Membership Members at large (3) UPP Sponsor Board Representative	0.800 0.358 0.500 0.300 0.175 0.175 0.175 0.175 0.175 0.175 0.175	0.800 0.500 0.500 0.161 0.175 0.175 0.175 0.175 0.104 0.175 0.339
	3.449	3.279

In fiscal 2022, 3.449 FTE release time was claimed by the Association (3.279 FTE in fiscal 2021). The remaining release time will be used in the future.

The value of these salaries and benefits paid by the University of Toronto is not reflected in these financial statements.

#### 8. INVESTMENT INCOME

Investment income is composed of:

investment income is composed or.	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Realized and unrealized investment gains (losses) Exchange traded fund distributions Interest	\$ (439,447) 106,412 9,274	\$ 446,323 90,349 10,531
	\$ (323,761)	\$ 547,203

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

#### 9. COMMITMENTS

The University of Toronto pays the rental cost for one office suite. The Association is committed to reimburse the University of Toronto for half of the cost of two additional office suites and for the entire cost of a fourth office suite. The estimated annual cost to the Association of these three additional office suites over the remaining term of the lease is as follows:

June 30, 2023

\$ 120,950